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THOMAS BLACK,
Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. Company's Office,
Bombay, 19th February 1862.

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19th February 1862.

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Bombay, 19th February 1862.

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ADAM SMITH.

Bombay, 17th Feb. 1862.

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JOHN TANNER & Co.
Agents for the Ship *Yaratilda*.

Bombay, 17th Feb. 1862.

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JOHN TANNER & Co.
Agents for the ship "*Land O'Cakes*.

Bombay, 13th February 1862.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS per ship *Queen Glendower*, J. ROBERTS, Master, from London, are requested to send off Boats at once to the Ship, and take delivery of their respective goods as they come to hand otherwise they will be landed at the expense and risk of the consignees, and the Captain will not be responsible for any deficiencies of any packages after they have left the Ship's deck.

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Bombay, 3rd February, 1862.

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W. H. WALKER & Co.,

IRONMONGERS, CUTLERS, BRASSFOUNDERS AND GENERAL DEALERS, Corner of Church Street, Fort.—Rely on their customers not to hesitate in sending orders for *anything* required.

GALVANIZED WROUGHT IRON PIPING ½ to 2 inch.
COCKS, STOP, BIB, and ALL ½ to 1½ inch.
STEEL, BLISTER, very best Re. 20 per cwt.
VICES, PARALLEL, and BENCH, 4 to 7 inch.
ANVILS, SMITH'S, and SWAGE. HAMMERS.
BLOWING MACHINES. JIM CROWS. LATHE CARRIERS.
COIR MATTING in Rolls, 60 feet by 3 feet—Re. 12-8.
BIRCH BROOMS WET and DRY FUZE.
PUMPS, Double Action, LIFT and FORCE combined.
DITTO. LEVER from 8 inch 3 inch barrells.
HINGES, very handsome, English-made, for Godown Doors, Factories, Spinning Mills, &c.

W. H. WALKER & Co.

FRESH STORES AND OTHER GOODS.

MESSRS. ARDASEER FURDOONJEE'S SONS beg to inform their kind customers and the public generally, that they have just imported per Ships *Cooja*, *Octavia*, and *Sea Nymph*, a superior supply of Oilmans stores, in great variety. Friends's Pale Ale and Guinness' extra Dublin Stout.

ALSO.

Best German Silver and Electro plate Ware, Gig Harness, fashionable silk Umbrellas, Glassware, Plated and Bronzed Hanging and Reading Lamps, Candlesticks, &c.

The articles are too numerous to mention, the stock is very extensive and varied, and the undersigned have no doubt of their ability to meet all demands.

ARDASEER FURDOONJEE'S SONS.
Corner of Forbes and Medow Street, Fort.

EXCHANGE RESTAURANT.

GENTLEMEN boarding at this Hotel can be provided with a first rate table and a separate bedroom. Terms Rupees 90 per month.

*** A good Billiard Table Beer and Wines of the first quality.

Church Gate Street.

HERBERT & Co.

HAVE received by the mail steamer, a large assortment of Photographic Portraits of the *Carte-de-visite* size, with a splendid assortment of Albums, plain and richly illuminated, of all sizes, from Rs. 10 to 50 each. Princess Mary of Cambridge,—The four Napoleons,—Emperor of Austria,—Empress of Austria,—King of Portugal,—Lady Palmerston,—Garibaldi,—Count Cavour,—Sir William Gomm,—Lord Haris,—Sir Henry Lawrence,—Sir Hope Grant,—Rajah Brook,—Lord Palmerston,—Lord Stanley,—Earl Russell,—Earl Derby,—Lord Brougham,—Duke of Newcastle,—Duke of Manchester,—Duke of Cambridge,—Lord Dundonald, —General Evans,—Sir Robert Peel,—Sir Benjamin Disraeli,—R. Cobden, &c. &c.

Mrs. Chas. Mathews,—Rosina Wright,—Grisi,—Louisa Pyne,—Miss Poole,—Miss Heath,—Madlle. Patti,—Arabella Goddard,—Madlle. Titens,—Restori, —Miss Helen Howard,—Miss Murray,—Miss Amy Sedgwick,—Miss Fanny Sterling,—Mrs. Sterling,—Miss Herbert,—Miss Swanborough,—Miss M. Wilton, —The Misses Nelson—Lala Monjee, &c. &c.

Buckstone,—Robson,—Wigan,—Frank Matthews,—Fechter and W. Lacy,—Signor Tamberlick,—Gardoni, —Reeves,—Mario,—Verdi,—Longfellow,—Tennyson, —Hughes,—Martin Tupper,—DuChaillu,—Thackeray, &c. &c.

Dr. Brewster,—Professor Faraday,—Robert Stevenson,—Brunnel,—Harriet Beecher Stowe,—&c. &c.

Pope Pius IX.,—Spurgeon,—Bellew,—Binny,—Baptist Noel,—Bishop of London,—Bishop of Ripon, Bishop of Soder and Manu,—Bishop of Manchester, —Bishop of St. Asaph,—Bishop of Lincoln,—Bishop of Durham,—Rev. Chas. Kingsley,—Dean of York,—Dean of Westminster.

Rampart Row. HERBERT & Co.

THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN LONDON,
FOR FIRE INSURANCE AT HOME AND ABROAD.
CAPITAL, £2,000,000, *Sterling*.

Directors.

Chairman.—John White Cater, Esq., (Messrs. J. W. Cater, Son, & Co.)

Deputy Chairman.—Charles Morrison, Esq., (Messrs. Morrison, Dillon, & Co.)

Anselmo de Arroyave, Esq. (Messrs. A. D. Arroyave & Co.)
Alexander Henry Campbell, Esq. (Messrs. Finlay, Campbell, & Co.)
Philip Chas. Cavan, Esq. (Messrs. Cavan, Lubbock, & Co.)
Edw. Cohen, Esq. (Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort, and Cohen.)
Jas. Du Buisson, Esq. (Messrs. Henckell, Du Buisson, & Co.)
Pascoe Du Pre Grenfell, Esq. (Messrs. Pascoe, Grenfell & Sons.)
Adolphus Klockmann, Esq. (Messrs. Klockmann and Fesser.)
Junius Spencer Morgan, Esq. (Messrs. George Peabody & Co.)
John Mollett, Esq., Austin Friars Passage.
George Gardon Nicol, Esq., Deputy Chairman of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China.
Peter P. Ralli, Esq. (Messrs. Ralli Brothers.)
John Henry William Schröder, Esq. (Messrs. J. H Schröder & Co.)
Robert Smith, Esq. (Messrs. Robert Smith & Co.)
Frederic Somes, Esq. (Messrs. Somes, Mullens & Co.)
George Young, Esq. (Messrs. Begbie, Young, & Co.)

(With power to add to their number.)

Manager.
GEORGE HENRY WHITING.

Sub-Manager.
WILLIAM JAMES HAYES.

THE Directors have pleasure, in stating, that they are prepared to entertain proposals on nearly every description of Property in most parts of the world.

The Company will ever distinguish itself in its promptitude and liberality in the settlement of claims.

The importance of the subject of Insurance being now more fully understood and appreciated, it becomes indispensably necessary that every Company which undertakes to replace the loss occasioned by Fire should be enabled to show its undoubted ability to perform its engagements. As ample evidence of the standing and position of the MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, it may be stated that its subscribed capital is

Two millions Sterling,

and that the capital already paid up and invested amounts to

Two Hundred Thousand Pounds.

Agents in Bombay,
W. NICOL & Co.

McCOLLUM'S CIRCUS, ON THE ESPLAN

Commercial Gazette.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL, SHARE, STOCK, AND FREIGHT LIST.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,

Thursday, 20th February 1862.

EXCHANGE.

On what Place	Terms.	Rates.
London (Credits)	6 months' sight...	2s. 01⅝ to 2s. 1d.
Do. Documents ...	Do. do.	2s. 1⅛ to 2s. 1⅛d.
Do. Bank Notes ...	Do. do.	2s. [illegible]
Calcutta ...	Sight ...	[illegible]
Madras ...	30 days' sight...	Rs. 210 per 8/100.
China ...	60 do. do.	[illegible]

SHA[illegible]

Names.		
Bombay Bank ...		
Madras Bank ...		
Agra Bank ...		
Oriental Bank C...		
Commercial B...		
Mercantile ...		
Great India...		
Railway Co...		
solidated Sha...		
Do. New Shares ...		
Bombay, Baroda, & Central India Railway ...		
Hydraulic Press Company ...		
Apollo Press Company ...		
Colaba Press Company ...		
Globe Land Company ...		
Elphinstone Land Company ...		
Bombay Steam Navigation Company ...	500	
Spinning and Weaving Co.	5,000	
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company ...	2,500	450
Do. New Shares ...	625	
Do. New Shares ...	200	
Victoria Spinning Co. ...	5,000	
Royal Spinning and Weaving Company ...	500	
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company ...	400	
Manockjee Pitti's Spinning and Weaving Co. ...	550	
Thrumb Mill Company ...	4,000	
Bombay United Spinning Company ...	4,57[illegible]	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four Per Cent. Transfer Loan ...		Nominal.
,, Loan 1835-36 ...		89
,, Loans 1842-43 ...		89
,, Loan 1854-55 ...		89
New Five Per Cent. Loan ...		100[illegible]
Five and a Half Per Cent. Loan ...		107[illegible]

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each ...	Rs. 10-4	
Bank of England Notes ...	Nominal.	
Spanish Dollars ...	Rs. 230	Nominal
Carolus ...	,, 230	do.
Mexican Dollars ...	,, 227	do.
German Crowns ...	,, 213½	do.
Five Franc Pieces ...	,, 204	
Sar Silver ...	,, 16	
Gold Leaf ...	,, 16-8	

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool (Cotton) ...	£3	0s.	0d.	£3 2s. 6d.
,, (Seeds) ...	£2	7s.	6d.	£2 10s. 0d.
To London (Cotton) ...	£2	17s.	6d.	£3 0s. 0d.
,, (Seeds) ...	£2	12s.	6d.	£2 15s. 0d.
To China ...	no offers.			
To Clyde ...	no offers.			

PRICES CURRENT (FEBRUARY 12th, 1862.)

	Per candy.
COTTON at Colaba :	None.
Old Broach, and Surat, ...	Rs. 170 to 175
Dholleras, ...	,, 170 to 175
Oomrawuttee ...	,, 174 to 175
Dharwar Sawginned ...	,, 235 to 236
New Broach, and Nuggar ...	,, 190 to 192
Kic in Husk ...	,, 130 to 183
NEW COTTON to Arrive :	
Broach and Surat (April and May) ...	,, 195 to 197
Dholleras ... (Do. ...	,, 181 to 182
Oomrawuttee ... (March and April) ...	,, 179 to 180
Veravole ... (Do. ...	,, 168 to 178
Dharwar Sawginned (May ...	,, 236 to 237
OPIUM—Malwa, Rs. 1590 to 1595.	
SEEDS—Linseed, Candeish ... at Rs. 5-11 to 5-12 per cwt.	
Rapeseed, Guzerat ...	,, 6-8 to 6-10
Gingelly mixed (Black and White) ...	,, 24 to 25
	,, 33 to 34

COCHIN MARKET.

(From the Cochin Courier, Feb. 8.)

Our Oil Market has been in rather an excited state owing to the great scarcity of Oil, and some urgent demands for immediate requirements, and we understand that as high as Rupees 98 has been paid. Our export to date only shews 2559 tons against 4426 tons same date last year, and with vessels now loading, and stock on hand, it will only amount to about 650 tons more intended for the Home Market.

Freights are nominal, the last paid was £3 15s. for measurement, and we are not aware of any engagements since.

From Tinnevelly our advices are to 1st instant. Nothing had been done in Cotton for 8 days and prices remained nominal at Rs. 107 per candy.

The *Grand Trianon* had cleared for Liverpool with 4639 Bales and the *Ireblagan* had arrived from Colombo to fill up for London.

EXCHANGE.

On Bombay, sight ...	Rs.	1	8	0 per cent.
3 days' sight ... ,,	1	10	0	,,
10 days' sight ... ,,	2	0	0	,,
Madras, sight ... ,,	1	2	0	,,
3 days' sight ... ,,	1	4	0	,,
10 days' sight ... ,,	1	12	0	,,
Colombo, sight ...				
3 days' sight }	Nominal.			
10 days' sight }				

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent. per annum.

On Deposits for 3 months or six 3 per cent. per annum.
Do. do. 6 do. 6 do.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ... 3 per cent.
On other Securities ... 9 do.

EXCHANGES.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight ... Rs. 2d. per Rupee
Ditto at 4 ditto Rs. 2s. 0¼d. do.
Ditto at 3 ditto Rs. 2s. 0½d. do.
Ditto at 2 ditto Rs. 1s. 11½d. do.
Ditto at 1 ditto Rs. 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto on demand ditto Rs. 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 4 months' sight are not granted for less than £50, and at 3 months for £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, 1 per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale, ½ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ½ per cent. commission.

Hours of business ... 10 to 5 o'clock.
Saturdays ... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Manager.

Bombay, 16th January 1862.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand ... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ... 3 do. do.
Ditto 12 do. ... 6 do. do.
No Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 10.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ... 3 per cent.
On other Securities ... 9 do.

EXCHANGES.

Bills on London, at 6 months' sight ... Rs. 2d. per Rupee
Ditto at 4 ditto Rs. 1s. 11¾d. do.
Ditto at 3 ditto Rs. 1s. 11½d. do.
Ditto at 2 ditto Rs. 1s. 11¼d. do.
Ditto at 1 ditto Rs. 1s. 11d. do.
Ditto on demand ditto Rs. 1s. 11½d. do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, 1 per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale, ½ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ½ per cent. commission.

Hours of business ... 10 to 5 o'clock.
Saturdays ... 10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS,
Manager.

Bombay, 16th January 1862.

THE BOMBAY AND [illegible]

[illegible] Cotton, 2294 cwt., Gourdhun Lilla- [illegible] Cotton, 575 cwt., Kessoo Waga; 500 [illegible] 50 cwt., Ritchie Steuart and Co. [illegible] 180 bags Linseed, 270 cwt., Kessoo [illegible]

[illegible] 105 bales Cotton, 367 cwt., Combier Sons [illegible]

[illegible]or.—5 cases Piece Goods, Dinshaw Dadabhoy.
Maxwell.—140 bales Wools, 420 cwt., Perma- [illegible] Moolchund.
Nundara.—45 bales Cotton, 15[illegible] cwt., Khandapa [illegible]oolway.
Crescent City.—20 bales cotton, 70 cwt., Courjes Preamjee.
Glendower.—1,200 bags Linseed, 1,800 cwt., S. & N. Nanabhoy.

For Hongkong.

Rattle Snake.—30 packages Country Seosp, 35 cwt., Futtaybhoy Ameerjee; 11 packages Fishmaws 3[illegible] cwt., Lalljee Hemraz; 18 bundles Sharkfins, 5½ cwt., 7 chests Herabole, 16[illegible] cwt., Davood Hassum.

For Singapore.

Rattle Snake.—70 packages Sundries, Hajee Seedic Woomer.

For Calcutta.

Shah Jan.—57 bundles Asafoetda, 90[illegible] cwt., Nusserwanjee Hormusjee Mehta.

For Clyde or Glasgow.

Broomilaw.—500 bales Cotton, 1,750 cwt., W. Nicol and Co.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

1. On Fixed Deposits, or Current, Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000 per cent. per annum.
2. On Fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.
3. On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.
4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills [illegible] upon without notice.

Interest withdrawn can be given at the time of depositing the [illegible], or at any time thereafter.

Interest is granted to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being, subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Banks should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited. *Accuracy in this respect is particularly desirable.*

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realises the interest and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of 1 per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, 1 per cent.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance purchasing the Bank's Bills on England, which might reach them too late for despatch by first Mail, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent.

All Orders or Remittances should be made payable to the Manager of the Agra & U. S. Bank, Limited, or order, and the letters enclosing them should state distinctly the name of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

Notice.—The Bank will obtain receipt of Promissory Notes of the several Loans of the Indian Government, and enfacement for payment of the Interest in London.

Drafts for interest on such Government Promissory Notes, on the Treasuries of Calcutta and Madras, will be received for encashment at current rates of Exchange, or for restitution in Bills, on the Head Office of the Bank in London, where constituents can also deposit their securities for safe custody.

Parties requesting to address "*The Manager of the Agra and United Service Bank, Limited, Bombay,*" and to make all orders or Remittances payable to him.

A Branch of the Bank has been lately established at Kurrachee (Mr. R. E. W. Baker, Manager) for the transaction of business in all its Branches.

H. B. MACCULLOCH,
Manager.

Bombay, 13th January 1862.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

THE CORPORATION grant Drafts on London on Demand, and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on demand; also Circular Notes negotiable throughout Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New York, the West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, and the Cape of Good Hope

The Current rates of Exchange are :—

On demand	...	2s. 0¼d.	per Rupee.
,, 4	do.	2s. 0¼d.	do.
,, 3	do.	2s. 0½d.	do.
,, 2	do.	1s. 11¾d.	do.
,, 1	do.	1s. 11½d.	do.
On demand } On Scotland and Ireland }	...	1s. 11¾d.	do.
On Paris, at 8 days' sight	...	1s. 11¾d.	do.

Circular Notes payable throughout Europe 1s. 11¾d. do.

No Drafts at six months' sight are granted for sums under £50

Sums under £40 are only drawn for on Demand.

Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

The Corporation purchase or collect Bills payable in Europe or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms :—

Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and upwards ... at 1 per ct. per annum

Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ... 3 ,, ,,

Do. do. 6 do. ... 4 ,, ,,

Do. do. 12 do. ... 5 ,, ,,

No Interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on Deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertake to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail, free of charge.

The Corporation will make all Orders or Hoondies payable to *"The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,"* and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made, *(if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,)* and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is 1 per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other Bank Stocks, free of all charge, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms :—

If to be remitted through the Corporation... Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... ½ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe custody ... ½ per cent.

Hours of business ... 10 to 5 o'clock.
Saturday ... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay 3rd January 1863.

Shipping Intelligence.

BOMBAY.

Arrivals.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
Feb. 19	Berenice (s)	Holt	Surat 18 Feb.
	Anna Dorothea	Smith	Liverpool 14 Oct.
	S Raja Rajeshwarry	Hill	Moulmain 12 Jan.
	Victoria (s)	Nacoda	Vingoria 18 Feb.

Departure.

DATE.	SHIP.	COMMANDER.	TO
Feb. 19	Maharaj (s)	Parker	Surat.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per H. M.'s steamer *Berenice*, from Surat.—Lieut. F. Easton ; 206 Non-Commissioned rank and file, 35 women and children and 29 followers of H. M.'s 33rd Regiment.

Per steamer *Victoria*, from Vingoria.—Several Natives.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per steamer *Maharaj*, to Surat.—Mr. A. White, Engineer ; Lieut. J. A. Nutt, 28th Regt., and 202 Natives.

Per steamer *Phloz*, to Surat.—117 natives.

Commenced Loading.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Ship *Broomielaw*, for Glasgow.
Steamer *Governor Higginson*, for Kurrachee.

IMPORT MANIFESTS.

From Liverpool.

America.—1,786 Tons Coals.

From Sunderland.

Bosphorus.—160 tons Coke, 1,556 tons steam Coals.

From Cannanore.

Barque *Shahwah*.—121 logs Bentick Timber, 110 pieces Planks, 11 pieces Beams.

From Liverpool.

Broughton Hall.—241 tons and 11 cwt., Coke, 1,115 tons Coals, 19,085 packages Iron.

From Moulmain.

Falkland.—2,016 Boards, 4 cases Lucifers, 371 squares Timbers, 2,490 Planks, 42 empty Jars.

From Liverpool.

Lobelia.—178 bales Twist, 7 barrels Ink, 1 cask Steel Pens, 10 cases Slates and Pencils, 50 bales Yarn, 7 bales Canvas, 29 cases Cotton Umbrellas, 2 packages Muster, 80 bales Cotton, 10 cases Cotton Thread, 52 casks Brass and Iron Wire, 1 case Leathers, 3 packages Hardware, 500 pigs Lead, 200 kegs Red Lead, 1 case Cutlary, 17 cases Beads, 6,530 pieces Iron, 1 case Papers, 6,764 cakes Tile Copper, 2,088 packages Merchandise, 19 packages Samples, 25 bales Hissians, 20 casks Sulphate of Copper, 50 spruce Deals.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, Wednesday, 19th February 1862.

For London.

Vernon.—500 bags Linseed, 875 cwt., S. Burstall and Co. : 86 bags Linseed, 129 cwt., Sorabjee Framjee and Co. : 172 bags Linseed, 301 cwt., 284 bags Rapeseed, 394 cwt. 3 qrs 14 lbs., S. Burstall and Co.

Seafield.—500 bags Linseed, 750 cwt., D. H. Cama and Co. : 1 case Articles of Indian Manufacture, 13 cases Sundries, Robert T. Crossley ; 2,800 bundles Coir Yarn 100 cwt. Khimjee Govindjee.

Caroline Agnes.—2 boxes old Swords and wild beasts Skins, Ewart Latham and Co. : 38 pieces E. Teeth, 2 cwt. 3 qrs 11 lbs., Munore Hurrychund ; 450 bags Linseed, 675 cwt., 150 bags Jingilly seed, 187½ cwt., Visram Kessowjee ; 300 bags Linseed, 450 cwt., Gungjee Murput.

For Liverpool.

Queen of the Sea.—500 bundles Linseed, 250 cwt., Nensy Damjee ; 550 bags Linseed, 825 cwt., John Clover and Co.

Early Dawn.—40 bales Wool, 120 cwt., Cooverjee Ludha ; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Ruttonsy Amirchund and Co.

Tudor.—100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., S. and N. Nanabhoy ; 100 bales Wool, 325 cwt., Watson Bogh and Co.

Mary Ann.—53 bales Cotton, 1854 cwt., Mooljee Ramjee ; 150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., Jasiram Cursoonram ; 50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Lilladhur Govind.

Clara Wheeler.—30 bales Cotton, 105 cwt., Lawrence and Co. ; 205 bales Cotton, 717½ cwt., Luckumsy Sewjee.

Morino.—60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Sorabjee Cowasjee Sawyer and Co. ; 100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Goculdass Heerjee.

Pamerlane.—600 bags Linseed, 300 cwt., Merwanjee Framjee ; 780 packages Coir Yarn, 60 cwt., A. C. Brice and Co. ; 10 bales Cotton, 35 cwt., Jeathu Ludhany ; 100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., W. and A. Graham and Co.

Rubin.—100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., S. and N. Nanabhoy ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., M. and B. Cursetjee Cama and Co.

Egeria.—100 bales Cotton, 350 cwt., Goculdass Heerjee ; 200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., P. and D. Framjee Cama and Co. ; 150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., Cursondass Madhowdass.

Nornington.—70 bales Cotton, 245 cwt., Ruttonsy Dhurdusy ; 6 bales Cotton, 21 cwt., George S. King

VESSELS EXPECTED AT BOMBAY.

FROM LONDON.

400	Ark ...	Nov. 22.
676	Burlington, Howes ... W. Nicol & Co.	Dec. 10
668	Celuta, Hayes ...	
865	Countess of Yarborough, Fuller. S. Tyabjee & Co.	June 15
1046	Childwickbury, Lambard. W. Nicol & Co.	Dec. 24
938	Clara, R. J. Barrow ...	Dec. 21
755	Fairlie ... S. Tyebjee & Co.	Oct. 23
1154	Forest Rights, Chester ... Gray & Co.	Dec. 31
696	Granville, Laker ...	
1041	Indomitable, Carren ... D. H. Cama & Co.	
1342	Istanboul, Deuchar ... Forbes & Co.	Dec. 4
908	John Temperley Liddle ...	
726	John Vanner, Moore ...	
396	Knights, Reid ... Wallace & Co.	Oct. 15
	Knight, Watson ... John Tanner & Co.	
678	Lady McDonald, Brunell.. John Tanner & Co.	
636	Laurel, Claproth ...	
753	Nile, Varley ...	
788	Morayshire Mathers ... Leckie & Co.	Sept. 24
905	Mary Shepherd, Budge ... Martin, Young & Co.	
676	Matilda Atheling ... S. Tyabjee & Co.	
423	Prudhoe, Johnson ...	Sept. 21
1235	Star of the South, Reimer. W. Nicol & Co.	Nov. 11
540	Southern Belle, Benson ... Leckie & Co.	
311	Shanting, Webster ... Peel, Cassels & Co.	Dec 19
813	Unrivalled, Crawford ...	
579	Victory, Stephens ...	
433	Wabourne ...	
906	Zuleika, Riddell ...	Nov. 12

FROM LONDON VIA BEYPORE.

704	Phoebe Dunbar, Crow ...	Dec. 16.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

1163	Ajmeer, Aspiett ... Lawrence & Co.	Dec. 27
1070	Alma, Brough ...	Dec. 19
1046	Americana, Potts ...	Oct. 4
2133	Bates Family, Hogg ... E. Bates & Co.	Jan. 1
1457	British Lion, Laybold ... Coupland & Co.	Aug. 26
1122	Brunelle, Orkney ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Nov. 5
1081	Clifton Belle, Bustin ... Coupland & Co.	Oct. 24
	Crescent, Ewing ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Nov. 16.
680	Campbell, Meikle ... Killick Nixon & Co.	Nov. 11
1244	Camperdown, Cameron ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Dec. 27
1073	City of Agra, Ewing ... Coupland & Co.	Dec. 31
848	Dalkeith, Sevan ...	
854	Dora, Banks ...	
894	Dowlais, Williams ... M. K. Connie. A. H. Huschke & Co.	Dec. 7
1152	Dirigo, Brown ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Sept. 19
666	Douglas Castle, Steele ... Ritchie, Steuar & Co.	Dec. 5
617	Euphrates, Macpherson ... E. Bates & Co.	Dec. 27
1195	Flooring Board, Starkie ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Dec. 7
1171	General Simpson, J. Graham, Coupland & Co.	
1051	Glenalva, Muir ... W. Nicol & Co.	Dec. 4
1328	Hindostan, Donnan ...	
1352	James Pilkington, Griffiths. Bates & Co.	
768	James Russell, Muir ... Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	Nov. 6
1710	John Malhuish, Grant ... W. & A. Graham & Co.	Sept. 25
804	Joshua, W. Bartlett ... Coupland & Co.	Dec. 2
1596	John Lyna, Forsyth ... Lawrence & Co.	Dec. 27
725	Kennington, Edward ...	Nov. 29
1210	Levant, Perrin ...	Dec. 23
952	Lanarkshire, Stuart ... Leckie & Co.	Nov. 30
1097	Maha Ranee, Carr ... Ewart, Latham & Co.	Nov. 1
1334	Morning Star, Mathews ... Coupland & Co.	Nov. 2
1187	Maldon, Taylor ... Ritchie, Steuart & Co.	
1241	Martin Luther, McCreadie W. & A. Graham & Co.	Nov. 1
1194	Monica ...	Dec. 4
1242	Marr Robinson, Finlay ... E. Bates & Co.	
938	Nell Gwyn, Clark ...	Dec. 20
955	Preston, Meffett ...	
824	Rising Sun, Bustin ...	Nov. 1
1533	South Australia, Shepherd ... Coupland & Co.	Nov. 3
579	Sir Charles Napier, Bell ...	Nov. 16
778	Shand, Curnen ... Killick Nixon & Co.	Nov. 28
1138	Tornado H. Amy ... W. Nicol & Co.	Dec. 3
998	Tiger, ...	Nov. 1
1116	Tivoli ... W. Nicol & Co.	(Galle Jan. 30)
1114	Vetefan ... Rennie, Scovell & Co.	Jan. 4
839	Vice Davis ... W. Nicol, & Co.	Dec. 11
1131	War Cloud, Mackey ...	
1339	Wasp, Storey ...	

FROM LIVERPOOL & ADEN.

1003	Azuline, Manson ...	
1035	Beeston Castle, Corney ...	

FROM CARDIFF.

427	Enterprise, Haynes ...	
844	Lucy & Harriet ...	
781	Percy Douglas, Hanson ...	Nov. 12

FROM CARDIFF & ADEN.

929	Missouri, Calhoun ...	

FROM HULL.

654	Gloriosa ... W. Nicol & Co.	July 2

FROM SUNDERLAND.

885	Alarm ...	
530	Emigrant ... Ritchie, Steuart & Co	
1231	War Spirit, Lukes ... S. Burstall & Co.	

FROM THE CLYDE.

800	Classe, Martin ...	Sept. 8
604	Prisan, Irvine ... W. & A. Graham & Co.	
1000	Silver Eagle, Kyle ...	Nov. 11
478	Thomas Mitchell, Mitchell W. & A. Graham & Co.	Jan. 3
996	Poricles, Fergus n ... W. & A. Graham & Co.	Dec. 7

FROM GOTHENBURG.

586	Thetis, A. J. Reis ... Peel, Cassels & Co.	

FROM HAMBURG.

401	Hildesheim, Jacobse ... J. Sigg & Co.	Sept. 4

FROM MAURITIUS.

	Ocean ... S. Tyabjee & Co.	

FROM ADEN.

644	Carnatic ...	
691	Relief, Lorby ...	

FROM MAULMEIN.

868	Chevalier, Perkins ...	

FROM CALCUTTA.

509	Battle Frere ...	
200	Futtel Currim ...	
390	Hamoody ...	
390	Mary Ann ...	
890	Mogul, Spooner ... J. P. Cornforth & Co.	
700	Granada, Miller ... Stearns Hobart & Co.	
704	Poictiers, Howard ... Brice & Co.	

FROM MADRAS.

839	Thames, Latham ... W. & A. Graham & Co.	
1132	Persian, Lavage ... W. & A. Graham & Co.	
1178	Asa Eldridge, Colman ... Stearns, Hobart & Co.	
1069	Albion ... S. Burstall & Co.	

VESSELS EXPECTED AT KURRACHEE.

FROM LONDON.

669	Alexander, Tyodor ...	
485	Blackwave, Knipe ...	Sept. 5
776	Blackwater, Edwards ...	
252	Castor, G. Attard ...	May 13
656	Clarendon, Dascon ...	
682	Excelsior, Faithful ...	Oct. 33
1596	John Lyna, Forsyth ...	
413	Euphrates, Cowen ...	
831	Gals, Fisher ...	
377	Lonsdells ... S. Tyebjee & Co.	
779	Sir R. Abercrombie ... Ewart Latham & Co.	Dec. 26
586	Scutari, Edwards ...	June 19
638	Vicinity, Shepherdson ...	Sept. 14
419	Victoria, Gibbs ...	Sept. 14
641	Westward Ho, Wilkinson.	

FROM LIVERPOOL.

650	Clara, Peters ...	
485	Jane Blythe ...	
727	Swithamley, Weir ...	Aug. 31

FROM HULL.

497	Sarah March ...	July 3

FROM DEAL.

996	Arabia Forest.	

Naval and Military Gazette.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

18th February.—Lieut.-Colonel E. Wray, Artillery, from Kirkee.

19th Do.—Lieut. R. Bythile, Staff Corps, on leave, from Poona.

Do.—Colonel W. B. Goodfellow, Royal Engineers, on leave, from Poona.

Do.—Lieut. G. W. Oldham, Royal Engineers, on duty, from Poona.

Do.—Major Collier, Staff Corps, on leave, from Poona.

Do.—Lieut. Campbell, Engineers, on leave, from Poona.

Do.—Lieut. Blowers, 10th Regiment N. I., on leave, from Kolapore.

DEPARTURES.

18th February Lieut. J. G. Gillmore, 20th Regt., to rejoin to Kaira.

19th Do.—Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals J. J. Hamilton, Staff, on duty, from Tanna.

GARRISON ORDERS.

BY BRIGADIER J. LIDDELL, C.B.

Bombay, Wednesday, 19th February 1862.

The 18th Regt. N. I., the Officer for the Castle Guard tomorrow, also the Adjutant for the day.

1. The Officer Commanding 33rd Regiment, has permission to detach Captain Badgley, to join his Company at Ahmedabad.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjut. Genl.'s Office, Head Quarters, Poona, 18th Feb. 1862.

Second Captain C. L. Decklicus, Royal Artillery, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India, to count as service for retiring pension the fifteen months sick leave granted in G. G. O. No. 143 of the 25th March 1851.

With the sanction of Government Assistant Apothecary J. Law, of the Subordinate Medical Department, is summarily dismissed from the service.

The undermentioned Officers have obtained leave of absence :—

Engineers.—Colonel Massary, from 19th February to 15th June, on private affairs, within the limits of the Poona Division.

13th Regt. N. I.—Lieut. P. Worthy from 2nd March to 30th May, for the purpose of appearing before the next Examination Committee.

STATIONS OF THE ROYAL NAVY IN COMMISSION.

With the dates of Commission of the Officers in Command.

Aboukir, 86, sc., Capt. C. F. A. Shadwell, C.B., 1853, Mediterranean.

Acteon, 26, surv.-v., Com. J. Ward (o), 1858, East Indies, ord. home.

Adelaide, tender to flag-ship, Cape of Good Hope.

Advice, st.-ves., tender to Hawke, Cork.

Agamemnon, 39, sc. Capt. T. Hope, 1852, Mediterranean.

Ajax, 60, sc. Capt. E. Heathcote, 1852, Coast Guard.

Alacrity, 4, sc., Com. J. K. E. Baird, 1857, Mediterranean.

Alecto, 5, st. ves., Com. H. J. Raby, Y.C. 1855, C. of Africa, ord. home.

Algerine, 3, sc. gunboat, Lieut.-Com., F. W. Hallowes, 1856, E. Indies.

Algiers, 89, sc., Capt. E. B. Rice, 1855, Mediterranean.

Alligator, at Whampoa, lent to Consular Department.

Amphion, 36, sc., Capt. T. F. Birch, 1850, Mediterranean.

Antelope, 3, sc., Lieut.-Com. C. O'D. Allingham, 1856, C. of Africa.

Ardent, 3, st.-v., Com. J. E. Parish, 1857, S. E. Coast of America.

Ariadne, 26, sc., Capt. E. W. Vansittart, 1856, West Indies.

Ariel, 9, sc. Com. J. R. Alexander, 1858, Cape of Good Hope.

Arrogant, 47, sc., Commodore W. Edmonstone, West Coast of Africa.

Asia, 84, st.-ordinary ship, Capt. H. Broadhead, 1855, Portsmouth.

Asp, st.-ves., tender to Saturn, Bristol Channel.

Avon, st.-ves., tender to Impregnable, Plymouth.

Azov, schooner, tender to Hibernia, Malta.

Bacchante, 51, sc. Rear-Admiral Sir J. Maitland, C. B., Capt. D. Mc. L. Mackenzie, 1859, Pacific.

Bann, st.-ves., tender to Fisgard, particular service.

Banshee, 2, steam-vessel, Com. E. Madden, 1858, Mediterranean.

Barracouta, 6, st.-v., Com. G. J. Malcolm, 1859, N. America, and W. Ind.

Beagle, 4, sc., Com. E. Hay, 1858, East Indies.

Biter, 2, sc. gunboat, tender to Colossus.

Black Eagle, st.-yac., Mast.-Com. J. E. Petley, 1844, particular service.

Blenheim, 60, sc., Capt. Lord F. H. Kerr, 1852, Coast Guard.

Bloodhound, 3, st.-ves., Lieut.-Com. F. W. Bennett, 1854, C. of Africa.

Boxer, 1, sc. gunboat, tender to Marlborough, Mediterranean.

Brilliant, 20, Com. G. Skipwith, 1842, Nav. Res. train. ship, Aberdeen.

Brisk, 16, sc., Capt. A. F. R. D'Horsey, 1857, Cape of Good Hope.

Britannia, training-ship, Capt. R. Harris, 1849, Portsmouth.

Buffalo, sc., Mast.-Com. A. Brown, 1854, Coast of Africa, ord. home.

Bulldog, 6, st.-ves., Com. H. F. M'Killop, 1855, N. Amer. and W. Ind.

Bullfinch, 2, sc., gunboat, tender to Britannia, Portsmouth.

Cadmus, 21, sc., Capt. H. S. Hillyar, C.B., 1854, N. Amer. and W. Ind.

Cæsar, 86, sc., Capt. T. H. Mason, 1849, Mediterranean, ord. home.

Calypso, 18, Capt. F. B. Montresor, 1851, Pacific, ordered home.

Cambridge, gunnery-ship, Capt. A. W. Jerningham, 1851, Devonport.

Cameleon, 17, sc., Com. E. Hardinge. 1856, Pacific.

Castor, 36, Com. J. Palmer, 1855, Nav.

him of mere earnest-money or a small sum to bind the bargain as a substantial consideration; nor the plaintiff eventually to be cheated out of the profit which a good market may have afforded him. The interest of both parties are equally regarded and secured by the Bill. We have yet some further remarks to make upon this Bill, which we defer till our next issue.

Local News.

A MEETING of the Marathi Dnyan-prasarak Society will be held in the Rooms of the Elphinstone Institution, on Friday the 21st instant at half past 7 P. M. when Dr. Atmaram Pandurang will deliver the 3rd lecture on the principles of Anatomy. The public is invited to attend.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.—In consequence of Dr. Haines' Lecture on Chemistry having been fixed for Tuesday the 25th instant, Mr. Bury's Performance at the Grant Road Theatre will take place on Wednesday the 26th.

MR. FORJETT'S DETECTIVES.—After four days' hearing before the Deputy District Magistrate, Mr. R. H. Showell, the Bombay Detective Policemen, who were charged with having received presents from parties they were sent to watch, have been found guilty, notwithstanding the exertion of the Barrister for the defence, Mr. Barton. One has been sentenced to pay a fine of Rupees 200 or undergo an imprisonment of six months, and the other to a fine of Rs. 100 or four months' hard labour.—*Poona Observer, Feb.* 18.

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY.—The Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Bombay Geographical Society will be held in their Rooms, Town Hall, this day, at half-past four P. M.

There will be a Ballot for the election of Lieut. W. L. Searle, I. N., who has been duly proposed and seconded as a Member of the Society.

PAPERS.—Journal of a tour in the North of Kutch in 1852, with Remarks on the Changes effected by recent Earthquakes that appear hitherto to have escaped notice. By General G. LeGrand Jacob, C. B.

On the mountains forming the Eastern side of the Basin of the Nile, and the Origin of the designation "Mountains of the Moon." By Dr. C. T. Beke.

WE publish below the Programme of the annual Meeting and Soiree of the Bombay Temperance Union to be held on Monday next in the American Mission Chapel at 7 P. M., as it will well explain to the public what they may expect to receive in the way of Music, Speeches and Refreshments for the small charge of one Rupee per head. Early application for Tickets is necessary, as the accommodation in the Chapel is limited and of course a limited number of Tickets can only be issued.

PROGRAMME:

Chair to be taken by the Rev. C. HARDING, *President of the Union.*

Part I.

I. Hymn and Prayer.
II. Speech by the Chairman.
III. Business of the Union.
IV. Music.—*Anthem*: "He hath not dealt so with any people."
V. "The Cup that cheers but not inebriates."
VI. Speech—"The Pledge"; by Mr. T. Drury.
VII. Music.—*Anthem*: "O! God, my heart is fixed."
VIII. Speech,—"The Union"; by the Rev. G. Bowen.

Interval—Half an hour—Conversazione

Part II.

I. Music,—*Chorus*: "The Heavens are telling."
II. Speech,—"Downward"; by Mr. J. Lindsay.
III. Music,—*Ode*: "Judgment."
IV. Ices.
V. Speech,—"Upward"; by Mr. T. Dowrie.
VI. Music,—*Anthem*: "Rejoice greatly."
VII. Speech,—"Onward"; by Mr. J. H. Vitters.
VIII. National Anthem (new version, by the Rev. Newman Hall).

Benediction.

We are informed that No. V. in Part I. "The Cup that cheers but not inebriates" will consist of Tea, Sandwiches, Buns and Cakes! All this added to the "Ices" (No. IV. Part II.) will be sufficient to take the Society through the Insolvent Court to clear off the expenses.

TIME INTERVALS FOR MESSAGES.

THE statement gives the maxima and minima time intervals for messages received at the Bombay office from the offices at Calcutta, Madras, and Kurrachee during the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock in the morning. The time intervals are deduced from the Calcutta, Madras, and Kurrachee office dates affixed to messages, and are corrected on account of difference of longitude.

18th February 1862.

To what Office.	Whence received.	Max. and Min.	Time Intervals.	Services or Privates.	Words in Message.	By what Line.
From 8 o'clock 24 hours.	Calcutta.....	Max.	H. M. 19 60	P.	19	N. W. P.
		Min.	6 33	P.	11	E. P.
	Madras	Max.	... ...	...	...	
		Min.	... ...	...	...	
	Kurrachee.....	Max.	... ...	...	...	
		Min.	... ...	...	...	
From 12 o'clk 24 hours.	Calcutta.....	Max.	33 7	P.	29	N. W. P.
		Min	11 3	P.	13	N. W. P.
	Madras	Max.	... 50	P.	20	W. C.
		Min.	... 50	P.	20	W. C.
	Kurrachee.....	Max.	1 14	P.	32	N. W. P.
		Min.	1 8	P.	16	N. W. P.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OPEN 437 MILES.

Statement of Traffic, Week ending 9th Feb, 1862.

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 46,780.			
Amount	Rs.	25,587	7 3
MERCHANDIZE.			
Amount	"	40,607	2 9
Total...	Rs.	66,194	10 0

Corresponding Week last year. Open 350½ *Miles.*

COACHING.

Number of Passengers, 41,877.			
Amount	Rs.	21,945	7 0
MERCHANDIZE.			
Amount	"	29,510	3 10
Total...	Rs.	51,455	10 10

BOMBAY POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

MAZAGON POLICE OFFICE.

Wednesday, 19th February 1862.

(BEFORE F. L. BROWN, ESQ.)

BRIBING ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH SIGNALLERS.—*Soobharam Jetta and Bhojoo Chunda* were placed at the bar, charged with offering a bribe to Henry Fisk, a signaller in the employ of the Government Electric Telegraph Department, to induce him to act in a manner inconsistent with his duty, under Section 12 of Act 8 of 1860. The following deposition was yesterday taken before the Magistrate:—

Henry Fisk deposed:—I am a signaller in the Electric Telegraph Department. I am at present doing duty in the Bombay Office, and reside at Bellasis Road, Byculla. I know the prisoners at the bar by sight. On Friday the 14th February about half-past five o'clock in the evening the prisoners came to my house. They came upstairs to the rooms I occupy at the upper floor of the house. The lower floor of that house is occupied by another family. When the prisoners came there, I was at the door on the top of the stairs. The prisoner Soobharam Jetta spoke to me. He asked me if I was Mr. Fisk. I said I was the person, and asked him what their business was with me. He said that he had been wanting to see me for a long time, that now he had succeeded in obtaining an interview with me. He spoke to me in the Hindoostanee language which I perfectly understand, and I spoke to him in the same language. I took them into the sitting room, and at my request they sat down. The prisoners were alone with me in the room. Sobharam said that his master was a very rich man and would like to have an interview with me. If replied that if his master wished to see me, he should come to my house. He told me that his master's name was Hemabhoy Premabhoy. He said that his master could not come to see me until I had done a little piece of business for him. He said that the China mail was expected at Galle, and that the news of the Calcutta auction sales of opium was also expected, and that his master would like to have the telegrams an hour before any other merchant. He offered to give me one thousand Rupees an hour after I should give him the information as to the price of opium expected by the China Mail. He told me not to be afraid, that his master was a very rich man, who would after I had done this business once, speculate in opium to the extent of ten lacs of Rupees. He said that his master would take the profits of five lacs; and that the profits of the other five lacs should be divided between him, the prisoner Sobharam and me. The other prisoner Bhojoo Chunda assented to what Sobharam had said. He told me not to be afraid, that they were not going to humbug me. I told the prisoners that that it was very hard to do such things. They then promised to call again next morning, saying that they would bring one thousand Rupees for me. They then got up to go, and went down stairs. As they were leaving, a signaller named Sealy entered the room. When the prisoners had gone away, I got into a buggy and drove to the Electric Telegraph office at Colaba, and informed my superior officer, Mr. Gordon, the Inspector in charge of the signal office, of the offer made to me by the prisoners. I proceeded with Mr. Gordon to Mr. Forjett, and gave him information of what had occurred. Mr. Forjett sent for Constables Mahara and Raddie, who returned with me to my house. They examined the house and then went away. The next morning, Saturday, the 15th instant, at half past five o'clock the said constables by appointment came to my house. They concealed themselves in the bed room adjoining the sitting room, so that they could hear any conversation that might pass in the sitting room. At half-past seven o'clock Sobharam came to my house alone. We sat down. He was alone with me in the sitting room. He sat down on a couch near the door of the bed room in which the Constables were concealed. Soobharam said that he had come from his master who had desired him to assure me that if I gave the message expected from Galle containing the China news for the Chamber of Commerce an hour before it was delivered to the Chamber or to any other merchant, he would bring me one thousand Rupees an hour after its receipt. He repeated what he had said the previous evening relative to the speculation to the extent of ten lacs of Rupees. He then left my house promising to call again on Sunday morning. The following day, Sunday the 16th instant, a little before eight o'clock, the said two Constables again came to my house, and concealed themselves as before in the bed room. They waited until nine o'clock, when Soobharam not having come, they went away. A quarter of an hour after the Constables had gone, the prisoner Soobharam came to my house. I did not see him. I sent a message to him to the effect that I was out, but would be at home at two o'clock. He then went away. On the same day, at ten minutes past three o'clock, both prisoners came to my house. The two Constables were then in the bed room. They sat down on the couch as before. Soobharam said that since he had seen me in the morning he had been talking to his master. He said that his master had promised to give me regularly double my pay. He said that he would give me a monthly salary of seven hundred Rupees in order that I should be regular in giving him the messages. He said that this salary would be given to me whether profit were made or not. Bhojoo assented to and confirmed what the prisoners Sobharam said. I told the prisoners that if detected I should be disgraced, as examples were made of smaller for the same things. Sobharam said:—"you need not be afraid, we shall engage the best lawyers and Barristers in Bombay for you." He further said that the day being Sunday, his master had gone to his pleasure-garden, and he could get no money, but that he could call next morning with forty Rupees. He saidthat should the Galle Telegram arrive during the nig, I must let him have it and that next morning I sould be a moneyed man. They then left my house promising to call next morning. The next morning, Mondaythe 17th inst, at half past nine o'clock both prisoners came to my house. The two constables were in the bedom as before. Soobharam observed that the China mailad reached Bombay during the night, and he askeome how it was that I had not supplied him withe telegram. I pretended to be ignorant of the arriv of the telegram. He asked me to give him a receipfor forty Rupees as money borrowed from him and he said that he would give me the money. He saidhat I was to give him the receipt to avoid suspicio I evaded giving him a receipt. I repeatedly askedim if Hemabhoy Premabhoy had sent him for a rept. Both prisoners assured me that Hemabhoy Premoy had desired them to obtain a receipt from me. Privately consulted Constable Raddie and by his adv. I refused to give the prisoners a receipt. They said that without a receipt the money could nobe given to me. At that time the Constables came ound arrested the prisoners. The said Hemabhoy Premoy is a well known opium merchant in Bombay. Ive never to my knowledge seen him, but I know hisme from telegrams to his address passing frequly through the office. Soobharam arranged that as to deliver the telegram to him at my house.

The prisoners asked no questions.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATE DEPARTMENT, BOMBAY.

The following extract from the Proceedings his Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council, ambled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulns, is hereby published for the information of all wi it may concern:—

15th February 1862.

The Council of His Excellency the Governor in ncil met for the purpose of making Laws and Regulns according to adjournment.

Present.

The Honorable Mr. Reeves.
The Honorable Mr. Frere.
The Honorable Mr. Westropp,
The Honorable Mr. Tritram,
The Honorable The Nawab of Savanoor,
The Honorable Mr. Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy,
The Honorable Mr. Madhoorow Vishwanath Vinchar,
The Honorable Mr. Juggonath Sunkersett,
The Honorable Mr. Premabhai Hemabhai,
And the Secretary.

The Honourable Mr. Reeves observed that this Bill which he would submit, is one to amend XI. of 1843 by Section 4 of which the approf Government was necessary for certain appointments Hereditary Officers. This has been found to be inconvenient, as the Local Officers are well acquai with the circumstances of each case, and able to di of them; it has resulted in a long list of all appointments being sent up at the end of each yea the formal approval of Government, and this approv granted as a matter of course, as there are no data fore Government whereon to form a disapproval.

This Bill was read by the Secretary:—

Whereas it is desirable that the Governmen Bombay should be empowered to depute authori the Revenue and Police Commissioners of sanctio the term for which a sharer in a Wutton nominated der Section 4 of Act XI. of 1843 shall hold office, of approving of selections made by the Collector Controlling Officer under the same Section:

It is hereby enacted that the words "*or Revenue Commissioner when authorised by Government*" be inserted after the words "with the sanction of one Governor in Council" in Section 4 of Act XI. 1843, and that the words "*or Revenue Commissioner when authorised by Government*" shall be added after the words "to the approval of the Governor in Council at the end of the said Section, and that the words inserted shall be taken as part of the said Act of Act XI. of 1843.

It was ordered that it should be printed and circulato the Honorable Members and considered at the ne Meeting.

Agreed to.

The Honorable Mr. Frere said that he had to intro duce a Bill for extending the Jurisdiction of the Nativ Subordinate Civil Courts to the same as that exercise by similar Courts on the other side of India.

The Bill was read by the Secretary.

Whereas it is deemed expedient to enlarge the Appellate Jurisdiction on Principal Sudder Ameens, lessen the pecuniary jurisdiction of Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs, and to invest Moonsiffs with a final jurisdiction in certain cases: It is therefore enacted as follows:—

I. In extension of the provisions of Regulation XVIII. of 1831, Section 3, Clause 1, it shall be lawful for the Zillah Judge to refer for trial appeals from original decisions passed by Suddder Ameens or Moonsiffs in any District of the Bombay Presidency, to the Principal Sudder Ameen of such District, without restriction as to the amount in dispute.

II. In modification of Clause 2, Section 3, of the aforesaid Regulation, it is hereby provided that Sudder Ameens shall be authorized to try suits to the amount of Rs. 1,000 only, and Moonsiffs to the amount of Rs. 300 only.

III. In all suits of the nature described in Act XLII. of 1860, Section 3, in which the debt, damage, or demand does not exceed in amount or value Rs. 20, the decisions and orders of the Moonsiff trying the same shall be final.

It was ordered to be printed and circulated and considered at next Meeting.

Agreed to.

Law Intelligence.

SUPREME COURT.—PLEA SIDE.

Causes for trial this day.

Exparte Cause.

John Tanner carrying on trade, &c. *vs.* Mahomed Jan Ahmed Jan.

Defended Cause.

33. Judoonatuljee Brizruttonjee Maharaz *vs.* Curaondass Mooljee and another. (Part heard).

THE SUDDER DEWANEE ADAWLUT.

The following cases are set down for hearing in the Court of Sudder Dewanee Adawlut on Friday the 21st February 1862:—

Special Appeal No. 84 of 1861.—Surat—Bhikhibaes widow of Jamsetjee; and Sorabjee Roostumjee, *vs.* Jurbaee wife of Sorabjee.

Special Appeal No. 64 of 1861.—Surat—Duyaram Nanabhaee deceased, his widow and heir Baee Munchaee also deceased her heirs Baee Kustoor and Baee Phoolker, daughters of Nanabhaee Beharidas *vs.* Nurotumdas Duyaram.

Special Appeal No. 167 of 1861.—Konkun—Mashabeebee wife of Mahomed Humja *vs.* Shera Hirajee Shet Marwadee.

Special Appeal No. 168 of 1861.—Konkun—Ajamabeebee Ayal Shaik Oosmun Moojawur, *vs.* Shera Hirajee Shet Marwadee.

Special Appeal No. 4240.—Khandesh—Eshram wullud Khundoo Sonar *vs.* Venkoba wullud Futtesing.

Special Appeal No. 4257.—Khandesh—Captain Jones, 22nd Regiment N. I. Megha bin Motiram Purit.

Special Appeal No. 4284.—Dharwar—Arconachul Moodliar *vs.* Fukirappa Nurendra.

COIMBATORE.

(From the Neilgherry Star, Feb. 12.)

The important position which Coimbatore will soon occupy as the radiating point of the Railway from these Hills to the Eastern and Western Presidencies, will perhaps excuse our entering into a few particulars in connection with the District, especially as it was from Coimbatore that the hunting expedition emanated which led to a discovery of these delightful sanataria.

The district of Coimbatore occupies an area of eight thousand four hundred and seventeen square miles, over which some seven thousand Villages and Hamlets are spread, possessing a poulation of nearly a million and a quarter of human beings. It is what is called a "dry district," that is, enjoying but little of rain, and with few appliances for the purposes of irrigation, the chief source appearing to be wells, but it nevertheless yields an annual revenue of upwards of twenty-two lakhs of rupees. The produce is grains, mostly of the dry description, Cotton, Sugar, Tobacco and Hemp. In addition to these, there are the usual growths of the "Garden," consisting of such condiments and vegetables as the Natives of India are in the habit of commonly using. The trade in these and other articles of Import amounts annually to a very considerable sum; a return before us showing the respectable figure of 40 thousand; that grain does not outrun the average proportion, and that deaths from accidental causes are quite enough to afford a further illustration of the general carelessness of the people of this country in placing themselves in positions of danger.

The above is a brief summary of what the materials at our disposal have enabled us to gather. The climate of Coimbatore is warm and not infrequently oppressive. Being completely land, or more properly *hill* locked, the district is only open to such streams of cool air from the sea board as can find their way to the vast plains of which it is composed throughthe gaps in the mountain chains. Unlike the country of Mysore, which although isolated from the sea, has an unobstructed elevation to the East which contributes so much to the agreeableness of its atmosphere, Coimbatore, lying some two thousand feet lower, does not possess an equal advantage. Fever prevails at certain seasons of the year, and cholera invariably makes its appearance after the rains. The aspect of the country is arid and unpleasant in the extreme, the few patches of green which are there are produced by dint of hard labor, being the only refreshing objects presented to the eye. Great care has evidently been bestowed in getting up an avenue of trees on the road leading to the Coonoor Ghaut, but like a similar effort of the Pasha of Egypt on the approaches to Alexandria and Cairo, it has not been attended with success, as has been observed, is intersected by numberless channels caused by a rush of mountain streams.

The English quarter in Coimbatore is composed of scarcely a dozen residences, although the houses are on the whole well designed and ventilated. An equal number of houses taken from any part of Madras and compared with them, would perhaps appear to disadvantage. There is a small Protestant Chapel in which service is conducted by a resident Missionary, and a Roman Catholic Church of goodly proportions is now raising its head above the low roofed native nunnery in the neighbourhood. The Travellers' Bungalow has commodious rooms, and would not be an undesirable resting place, if a little more attention was directed to cleanliness, and a destruction of the colonies of insects of all sorts and descriptions which seem to have made it their permanent abode. A shop, kept by a Parsee, is so admirably supplied that it will furnish you with a pair of bellows, but does not include a bottle of beer in its stock.

The traveller coming to the Neilgherries from Coimbatore, can perform the journey for a very reasonable amount. The fashion now is, to travel in a common country cart from Coimbatore to Mettapolium, a distance of 23 miles, for which you are charged at the rate of 1 anna and 6 pice per mile. You get into the cart at about 9 o'clock in the evening, and are put down at Mettapolium before the break of day the following morning. There is a very good Bungalow at Mettapolium, in charge of a Portuguese butler, who supplies refreshments at rates fixed by the local authorities. From Mettapolium to Coonoor or Ootacamund, you have the choice of either Munchiels or Ponies, the former doing the distance to Coonoor in six, and the latter in three hours. The charge for a Munchiel to Coonoor is as follows:—

Munchiel Rs. 1-8, eight bearers at 11 annas each —Rs. 5-8. Return of Munchiel either 11 or 22 annas, according to size.

A pony to Coonoor costs 12 Rs., and from Coonoor to Ootacamund, 4 Rs. There will be no necessity to make previous arrangements, for Messrs. Wilson & Co., have a stud of 12 Ponies at Mettapolium, and Munchiels are supplied by this firm, as well as by the Cutwal and Bungalow butler. Luggage can be conveyed in a cart from Coimbatore to Mettapolium at the rate above mentioned, namely 1 anna and 6 pice per mile; from Mettapolium to Coonoor for 7 Rupees, and from Coonoor to Ootacamund for 3 Rs. A cart with luggage will perform the distance from Coimbatore to Mettapolium in the same time as one with a passenger in it, that is, in one night. Luggage carts will not ascend the Ghaut during the day, but they travel easily from Mettapolium to Coonoor from 6 o'clock in the evening to 7 or 8 o'clock in the next morning From Coonoor to Ootacamund, a luggage cart occupies some 7 or 8 hours, but it is not always that carts can be obtained at Coonoor, and Mettapolium cart owners somehow or other do not like asking fares further than this. When the traveller has reached *Burliar*, between 2 and 3 miles up the Ghaut, a magnificent view of the low country opens out to him, and continues to greet his sight till the Coffee plantations of Messrs. Stains and Dawson, some 4 miles further up are turned. Distance however, "lends enchantment to the view," for it is impossible that any man who has just emerged from the most absolute heat and suffocation, can wish himself once more in the arena of their influence. The low country looks very nice from the Coonoor Ghaut, but this is all that can be said of it.

We feel that we cannot conclude this hasty sketch of Coimbatore and the access it affords to the Neilgherries, without saying something of the man, who, for the last thirteen years, has been the chief administrative authority in the district. If ever an European has left his foot prints on the soil of India, Mr. E. B. Thomas has left his in the country which has had the benefit of his almanagement for such a lengthened period. More than one monument of his benevolence and liberality exists to-day in Coimbatore itself, and over the expanse which bears testimony to his unbounded liberality in similar qualities. Wherever a cart may be observed, it is met with a good word and a kind inquiry after its driver, and under these circumstances, understand the solicitude of the people of Coimbatore on the subject of the health of Mr. Thomas. When he leaves the district, which with our cooly loads of provisions might have proved disastrous.

I found stockade with its garrison of 60 men in good order, under its very excellent Commandant, a Jemadar in the Regiment, but straitened for food and worn out, constant watchfulness to frustrate the serious acts of the rebels to fire the place.

In conjon with Major Rowlett, Deputy Commissioner, I this morning moved out at 9½ A. M. with 65 muskets and a Jemadar to attack the stockaded village of Jallong which we reached in two hours, and immediately commenced the ascent of the hills on which it is situated about 1,000 feet high, the first stockade was encountered half way up, and here we had the only serious resistance offered, consisting of a brisk fire of musketry which disabled some of our men, but the remainder keeping up a good fire we were enabled to cut down the gate and enter the place when the opposition generally ceased, and we succeeded in driving out the rebels and firing the village. We got safely back to this about half past four P. M.

Our loss, four Sepoys rather badly wounded by musketry, one cooly more slightly—ditto one of Major Rowlett's Police Sepoys (of which six were out) was badly wounded with an arrow as also more slightly were two or four Sepoys and coolies and many of the party were bruised by stones rolled down the Hill.

The loss of the enemy cannot be ascertained, for as soon as the gate was forced, we hurried on to the second line of stockade, and did not return the same way, only one dead body lay in my path, the Sepoys only saw three but the jungle was dense on both sides of the path, and the fallen could not be seen, but we could see that wounded or dead men had been carried over by the rear of the stockade, a new and strongly built one.

I have much pleasure in reporting that the conduct of all the men engaged was most excellent.

There are other villages, I believe, to be visited, but Jallong being the strongest and bearing the worst character was the first attacked, and I trust our success here will have the effect of deterring the others from resistance.

I will not fail to keep you acquainted with our future proceedings. I have, &c.,

J. M. RICHARDSON,
Lieut.-Colonel,
—Id. | *Commanding 44th S. L. Infantry.*

A salute from the guns of Fort William, at noon yesterday, announced the departure of Sir Hope Grant for Madras.—*Englishman, Feb.* 11.

We are glad to be able to inform our readers that the government of India have not been backward at an opportunity for showing their appreciation of the services of Sir James Outram; and that they have, with graceful liberality, presented to the Equestrian Statue Committee the necessary amount of gun metal for casting the statue which is intended to adorn Calcutta as a monument of those great actions which helped to save India. The metal is, we hear, safely on board the *Blenheim*, and we trust that it will not be long before we hail its reappearances in the similitude of him whose name will ever be beloved and reverenced by all Englishmen in India as a gallant soldier and true gentleman.—*Id.*

We learn from Mhow that advices had been received there from Burwanee, to the South of the Nurbadda river, that the Bheels to the West and South-west of that place had broken into insurrection. The road from Agra to Bombay, by the rising of these people, is rendered unsafe, and the officer commanding at Mhow has directed a party consisting of a hundred rank and file to proceed to the Khull Ghat on the Nurbadda, on the road from Mhow to Teeree. The country inhabited by the Bheels to the westward of Burwanee is seldom quiet for long together. It was in an expedition against these people that Outram first distinguished himself; and since then several of the best soldiers of the western Presidency have from time to time been called upon to exercise their skill and powers of endurance in bringing the mountaineers to a sense of the superiority of the British Government, and of the danger they run by defying its power. For some years these people were kept in comparative quiet by an officer of the Nizam's service, a Captain T. H. Bullock; he understood their language and their peculiar organization, and by constantly moving about among them, listening to their grievances, real or imaginary, by always shewing an inclination to redress their wrongs and by sometimes succeeding in doing so, he contrived to prevent their breaking into insurrection. He was subsequently removed to an appointment in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts since which the Bheels have known no quiet. They are, no doubt, a difficult race to manage, but kindness, patience, and firmness combined have and will again effect it; and were the government to appoint a permanent Commissioner amongst them with well definel powers, such as should enable him to act on all occasions without waiting for reference to the seat of Government, with powers to re-organize the Bheel Corps, we have little doubt that an end would be put to the constant risings among these people; provided always the Commissioner selected were a man possessing the requisitie, qualities—a knowledge of the Bheel language of a kindly disposition with temper, patience, and firmness.—*Id.*

Letters from the camp of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 1st instant, state that he was taking his departure for his ride down the Northwest frontier, and that the camp was to move back by regular marches across the Punjab, *viâ* Lahore, to Umballa. The Commander-in-Chief should, after inspecting the frontier as far below Moultan as he was desirous of doing, return Northwards, and be joined by his Military Secretary at a place called Futteegurh, which, not being the military station of that name, we cannot find upon the map. From Futteegurh his Excellency was to continue his tour of inspection; the staff officers in his suite, and those of departments attached to army head-quarters, do not expect to breathe the cool air of Simlah before the hot weather has commenced in the plains, about the beginning of April. The weather is described as still delightful at Peshawur; snow on the hills, and station remarkably healthy.—*Id.*

We have been favored with the following from Government—

"Military Department, February 7, 1862.
No. 9.

Jowbookades, 50 miles from Cheerapoonjee, 26th January 62.

SIR, continuation of my No. 7 of the 21st inst., I have the honor to report for the information of the Brigadier-general Commanding the Division, that I arrived yesterday evening with my Detachment of one Jemadar and 44 muskets, having halted one day on the road. My second Detachment as mentioned in my former letter, having by a circuitous route avoided the expected opposition which with our 7 cooly loads of provisions might have proved disastrous.

I found stockade with its garrison of 60 men in good order, under its very excellent Commandant, a Jemadar in the Regiment, but straitened for food and worn out, constant watchfulness to frustrate the serious acts of the rebels to fire the place.

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SUPREME COURT.—10TH FEBRUARY, 1862.

[CRIMINAL SESSIONS.]

(BEFORE SIR MORDAUNT WELLS, KNIGHT, PUISNE JUDGE.)

His Lordship entered the Court at 11 A. M. precisely and spoke as follows to the Grand Jury regarding the adultery case:—

"I feel it my duty to address to you a few observations respecting a case sent up by the Magistrate on Saturday. I am sorry to say, it is a charge of adultery under Section 497 of the Penal Code. I am sure this case will receive your anxious and serious consideration, particularly as it appears from the depositions that the husband is not the prosecutor; he being absent from Calcutta. On this the question will arise, can you conscientiously find a bill under the circumstances? And whether or not the case can be satisfactorily disposed of in the absence of the husband.

The temporal Courts in England take no cognizance of the crime of adultery otherwise than as a private injury. The damages sought to be recovered in an action against the adulterer are increased or diminished by circumstances according to the previous behaviour of the wife and the manner in which she had been previously treated by the husband, and would be mitigated if the husband himself were to have been guilty of illegal infidelity; and if it appeared that he connived at or consented to his own dishonor, or lived at the time of the adultery in a state of absolute and permanent separation from his wife, the action would be wholly barred. And it is certain that in a criminal charge of adultery the conduct of the husband will be, as it ought to be, scrutinized with the husband will be, the Jury. Now in this case the husband must care by it will be a grave and important question for the and Jury to decide how far they can come to a just conclusion without the presence of the husband. It never could have been the intention of the legislature that the privacy of a man's house should be invaded by a stranger, and that he should, at the mere instigation of such a person or a Police officer, be dragged before a Magistrate on a charge of adultery. I do not think either the European or the Native gentlemen on the Grand Jury would approve of such course of proceeding. I am certain that the greatest care must be exercised in putting in force that section of the Penal Code, or it may be made an instrument of oppression and torture both as regards the person charged with adultery, and the unhappy woman who may have been treated for years in a disgraceful manner by her husband perhaps turned out of her home friendless and penniless. The ablest Juries and the wisest statesmen in England have considered it unadvisable to treat adultery as a criminal offence. The law is different here; and it is not within the scope of my duty to express any opinion as to the policy or impolicy of the change in the law so far as concerns the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, but it will be the duty of the Judge and jurors now to watch with the greatest care and discernment all prosecutions instituted under this section. Under the Procedure Act for the Mofussil the husband must be the prosecutor; and I doubt not that before the next session the same rule will prevail in this Court.—*Id.*

ADDRESS TO THE JUDGES.

A Deputation incuding representatives of all the leading Mercantile and Trading firms in Calcutta met yesterday in the Grand Jury Room of the Supreme Court, to present a very numerously signed address to Sir Barnes Peacock and Sir Charles Jackson upon their retirement from the Legislative Council.

MR. MAITLAND in presenting the address said:—

SIR BARNES PEACOCK AND SIR CHARLES JACKSON,

On behalf of near three hundred gentlemen belonging to different Classes of the European Community, I present you the address which I will presently read, —it is an address by which we desire to express at once our earnest thanks for the great services you have rendered to India as Members of the Legislative Council, and our regret that for the future India should be deprived of those services.

We know that to you, as to all men who have well done their duty, the highest approval will ever be the approving testimony of their own consciences. We know that all is well when men can say as you can, what was said by one of England's best and bravest and best beloved sons—"Thank God I have done my duty!" but while this is so, when that duty is over, and when your task is done, we are assured that it will be not unpleasing to you to receive, while it is gratifying to us to offer, our hearty thanks for the great services you have rendered to us, and not only to us, but to all classes of the community, and to India generally.

MR. MAITLAND then read the address which follows:

HONORABLE SIRS,—The labors of the Legislative Council, as established by the late Lord Dalhousie, have been brought to a close, and we, the undersigned, comprising members of many different classes of the community, desire to express our sense of the obligations you have conferred upon us by your eminent services to the State in that Assembly.

Her Majesty's Government, the Government of India and your late colleagues, have on various occasions acknowledged in the amplest manner the invaluable assistance derived in the Legislative Council from your great learning and ability, your unwearying patience, and your indefatigable zeal and devotion to the public interests. To this tribute so justly due to your merits we desire most respectfully to add our meed of admiration of your unswerving political integrity, your large statesmanlike views, and the independence which has characterized your career as legislators.

You, Sirs, as members of the late Council, were always the strenuous supporters of its constitutional rights, while at the same time you were ever foremost to assert the rights and liberties of the subject, and to protect the interests of all classes of the community.

We regret that India will no longer enjoy the benefits of the legislative and political services of those whom we so highly esteem and honor, and whose retirement from political life deprives the Legislature of invaluable assistance in the work of legislation, and in the solution of the important political problems which, without doubt, will claim their attention.

Allow us, in taking leave, again to express our feelings of esteem and gratitude, and our best wishes for your welfare and happiness.

The address having been read,

SIR BARNES PEACOCK in acknowledgment said—

We receive with pleasure the address which you have just presented to us, and I are deeply sensible of the feelings by which you have been actuated.

Recent events in connection with the Legislative Council of India, and have thereby relieved us from much anxiety and from much labour. Devoted to his public service no personal considerations, no amount of labor or anxiety, would have induced us to shrink from, or voluntarily to relinquish the duties with which Parliament had entrusted us as ex-officio members.

It appears to have been considered by some person that the duty of a Legislative Councillor was merely to consult with, and advice the Governor General in matters of legislation. But that is a mistake. By the constitution of the Council each Member had a vote equal to that of the Governor General, and in practice. The Governor General was seldom present at the deliberations of the Council. Each Member of the Council had a grave and important duty to perform, and was bound in conscience, and before God to discharge that duty faithfully.

Differences of opinion may exist as to whether the judges of the Supreme Court ought ever to have been constituted members of the Legislative

and a run through the Bankruptcy Court was determined on. The liabilities of the picture dealer were summed up by a 'joint clerk' of the M'Coton 'firm' and of another legal gentleman who appears to have been carrying on his business in the same premises, and the sum total of *bonafide* claims was something like £14,000. This was not amiss for a picture dealer, but Reuben Brooks had an idea that he owed about £30,000 somehow, and for the purpose of humouring this harmless delusion, his friend, Mr. Thomas hunted up a few imaginary claims, for the purpose of swamping those of the real creditors, which swelled out the original amount of liabilities to upwards of £24,000. A law agent, trustees, and concurring creditor were then selected by Messrs. Thomas and Brooks; the sequestration was applied for and obtained; a meeting of creditors was called, and the 'concuring' gentleman kindly took the chair. At this meeting Mr. W. Lyon M'Phun, who had been selected by the bankrupt and Thomas, was elected as trustee, and the bankrupt himself was voted two years' protection by the real and imaginary creditors. But suspicions began to be entertained about the reality of Rueben's extraordinary debts; and, from less to more, the bankruptcy examination was transferred to, and continued from time to time by, the Procurator Fiscal, into whose hands all the books, bills, papers, and men connected therewith ultimately fell. In due course the bill-broking speculations of Thomas and Brooks were fully investigated by a couple of London detectives, when a system of wholesale fraud, perjury, and forgery was laid bare, the like of which has rarely been brought to light. It appears that this man Thomas had creatures in London prepared to perjure themselves at the rate of 10s. per oath. Bills to the extent of £10,000 and upwards were drawn by Thomas or some of his underlings, sworn to by others of a like kidney, sold for sums varying from 1s. 6d. to 1s. per bill, and then repurchased by the manufacturers at £3 each. Reuben Brooks appears to have been as great an adept at the swindling profession as his friend and accomplice, Thomas. In a few years he managed, as he said, to run a debt to the extent of £14,000 and when the buble bust, the *deprit* of his estate was represented by £15 and a firm in Central America valued at nothing. It was strange, however, that although he had only £15 to divide amongst his creditors, at the rate of a farthing per pound, he was able and willing to pay £100 for his discharge through the Bankruptcy Court." The upshot of the whole was, that Brooks and Thomas were placed upon their trial for conspiracy and fraud, and were on Saturday each sentenced to four years' penal servitude.

FRENCH FLEET.

(From the Army and Navy Gazette, Jan. 11.)

A considerable portion of the 40,000,000£. of debt which Imperial extravagance has hung round the neck of France has gone towards the creation of a more powerful fleet. The hard-earned gains of many other budgets and supplementary credits last year found their way, like so many rivers of gold, down to the sea-side, to be swallowed up by the five great military ports. An entire change had to be wrought in the naval system: sails had been replaced but a few years ago by steam, now wood was to be replaced by iron, and France quickly took the lead in this costly labour of substitution. She set to work with a will and earnestness that startled many and surprised all; and before science had done manipulating the question, before it had been theoretically determined what was the greatest weight of armour which a ship could carry in a sea-way, La Gloire was knocking about off the port of Toulon in search of dirty weather, in order to try her capabilities. There was a great problem to be solved, and France was determined not to be behindhand. She soon produced a vessel as much superior to those of a few years back as the Minie rifle is to the Brown Bess. She plunged at once into a vast outlay, preferring some immediate result to an indefinite delay: she had no idea of waiting until several pitched battles had been fought and wrangled over between a new artillery and a new means of defence. La Gloire had not long made her appearance when it was announced that several sister-ships had been laid down; and many people thought that even this half-a-dozen of this weird tribe would have been disporting themselves in the Channel. In the summer it was known that they had already been to the Baptismal font; that 16 plated vessels had received the names of Magenta, Solferino, La Gloire, La Nor Mandie, La Couronne, L'Invincible, La Provence, La Savoie, La Ravanche, La Gauloise, La Valeureuse, La Heroine, La Magnanime, La Surveillante, La Flandre, La Guienne; and besides these ships and frigates, about a dozen floating batteries of the Resistance class. But iron fleets are not created in a day, and the proof is before us. For instance, in our first number of last year we reported the launch of the Warrior; La Gloire had then been some time at sea. Our first number for this year sees the Warrior preparing for a probable voyage; it reports that La Gloire has just finished her trials, and is to be attached to a squadron; and La Normandie, the only other French plated frigate completed, is but just learning to walk the water.

In the January of last year the *Moniteur*, in speaking of what had been done in 1860, said that the French fleet had only been increased during that year by 5 ships of the line, 5 ordinary frigates, and La Gloire; that at the end of 1860 the French yards had hardly ever been so idle; that, with the exception of a few transports and gunboats, there were only on the stocks 2 ships of the line, 8 ordinary frigates, and 5 destined to be plated. In June, when the budget was discussed, General Allard, the Imperial Commissioner for the army and navy, made statements to the following effect. (It will be remembered that Admiral Elliot had at this time brought the news to England of all he had seen in French ports.) France could not dream of rivalling England, but the government was following with perseverance the pacific and national work of transforming the marine. This transformation, he stated, was now in its fifth year, and thanks to an extraordinary budget of 16,000,000, they had arrived at the following position. The number of plated vessels would be six at the end of the year, of which two were completely armed, three were afloat, and the sixth would soon be finished. The vessel not alluded to, and which would make up this number, was La Gloire, which the commission stated to be a great success. M. Dupuy de Lôme spoke at greater length on the transformation, showing that the fleet which France proposed to keep up only amounted to 150 steam-vessels thus classed: 40 ships of the line, 20 frigates, and 90 corvettes, together with gun and despatch-boats and transports. The transformation was commenced in 1857, and it was then calculated that 12 years, and an expenditure of about 10,000,000£., would be required to work out the change. In 1846 it had been demanded that the French fleet in time of peace should consist of 328 vessels. The future fleet, he said, would be far inferior in number, notwithstanding that it was no longer possible to allow the naval reserve, as had formerly been the custom, to remain the same. Considering that it took three or four months to get in a vessel's machinery, this was no longer possible. In 1857 France had 18 ships of the line, now she had 35; she had then 5 frigates, she had now 18, one of which was plated. By the end of the year 6 plated frigates would be finished, 8 were on the stocks, and more would soon be laid down. We have already seen that France has now two plated vessels finished. She was to have had six by this time, but a great many difficulties have had to be overcome, or are still standing in the way. We will take a glance at the items of expenditure. First stands 214 millions of francs for the 13 years' transformation. Sixty-five millions a year are allotted for the marine, so the augmented of the navy transformations during a period of 13 years will be nearly 900 millions a year are thus laid out: 30 millions for keeping the fleet in a state of efficiency; 12 millions for hydraulic works; and the rest in reconstruction and increasing. For increase indeed M. Dupuy de Lôme said only 12 millions could be taken, and that a certain number of years would be required to finish the 10 plated vessels not promised for the end of last year, that was to say, unless the country required the work to be hastened on, when they could be finished at a much earlier date. The budget presented to the Chambers for the marine and colonies, which are under the control of the same minister, amounted to 149 millions, of which sum 126 millions were for the navy, 23 for the colonies, whose original idea of the transformation has been so rudely interfered with by the introduction of a more open material. It may be also that some doubts have arisen in the French mind with regard to the matter of iron and timber, as to how long the latter will last, so great a strain as it is now required to stand, and how long it will resist the action of the metal. M. Foud may have put a veto on a reckless expenditure, or the government may now consider that something more solid is necessary than 3 inches of iron on timber.

One thing, however, is certain, that France has, during the last year, made great efforts to increase her naval power. She has put her ocean ports in a respectable state of defence, and is busy setting those of the Mediterranean in order. Her admirals have risen in number from 12 to 15, her rear admirals from 24 to 30, 40 post captains, 20 captains, 50 lieutenants, and 25 midshipmen, have been added to the navy list, and they are to experience better treatment than before—to be better kept on board, and have more time on shore. The naval surgeons have had their pay increased. The marine artillery has been re-organised and increased, as also the infantry of the marine; and more important again are two decrees which were signed by the Emperor in July. The second was an incentive to men to re-engage in the navy, after having served their time, offering to experienced hands 4*d*. a-day extra, and 5*d*. a-day for artisans. The Marine Minister stated, in his report, that without greatly augmenting the budget, this prize for voluntary re-engagement would, in retaining old sailors, lessen the demands of the state on the maritime population. For a time these decrees may bring men in but it is a suicidal policy which leads France to meddle thus with the interests of the merchant service, which in a great measure depended for the manning of its ships on men which the government had forced to be sailors. One has heard much of the maritime inscription. French writers have often boasted that England possessed no such goodly institution. But, after all, the inscription is but a well-organised governmental press-gang, which got recently handled during the last French session. M. de la Tour, of the Senate, in a strange tale article he wrote on the French and English navies, said that if England would be much more powerful were she to adopt the inscription. He afterwards spoke at the Luxembourg in the same tone, but both in his article and in his speech he betrayed the weakness

a "History of the French Maritime Wars."

of the system he advocated with so much warmth. He asked the Chamber to increase the navy by 6000 men a year, which would be to make it stronger by 30,000 men than it is at present, thus showing that in his opinion the inscription, which pierces everywhere, does not furnish sufficient supplies. After that he showed how the inscription was marvellously big on paper, marvellously small in reality. In 1850 the number of men inscribed was 96,000, but taking away all the men not between 20 and 40 years of age, the commission appointed with the examination of the system had to deduct 20,000. Then again a deduction of 10 per cent. had to be made for men ill or absent. In fact, said M. de la Tour, the greatest possible number of men that France could muster would not exceed 70,000, whilst England, in time of peace, has 84,000 sailors. M. Arman upheld the inscription in the Legislative Corps. He is a man from Bordeaux, knowing something of ships, but at the same time enjoying the confidence of government. He stated in his address that the inscription was the basis of the French naval constitution, and that it was the envy of every naval power in the world. But—and the *but* is a strong one—it imposes on our commercial marine charges to which neither the English nor American marines are subjected. A writer in the *Debats* hardly viewed the matter in the same light,—hardly looked upon the maritime inscription as capable of exciting much envy. "The sea," he wrote, "will always belong to sailors, and the attention of government should be fixed on increasing the number of this class of men. Open M. Brun's* book, and you will see that he speaks of little but families ruined by levies, oppressed by this one, pursued by that, and many people preferring exile to submitting to the inscription. In Toulon, judgment was pronounced in one year against 900 sailors who had absented themselves.

"Ought not an institution producing such results to be judged by its fruits? I know that since 1815 many attempts have been made to lighten the lot of the sailor, but as long as the law remains unchanged, little good can be effected. The legislation in force in 1860 prevents many men from becoming sailors, who, if free during peace, would gladly serve during war. After forty-five years of peace or liberty on the sea, France, which owns 600 leagues of coast, which occupies a second rank amongst nations for the importance of her exterior commerce; France, who counts nearly 40 million inhabitants, has only 170,000 men inscribed, and out of this number Admiral Romain-Desfossés only regards 62,000 as fit for service."

During the sitting of the French Chambers last year, no subject was discussed with greater vivacity than that relating to the duty on herrings. The treaty of commerce wished to make the duty protective and not prohibitive. This intention drew forth a smart remonstrance from the fishermen of Boulogne, who, already hampered by several government restrictions, said that with a lessened duty on foreign fish their calling would be ruined. Not an admiral but spoke or read in favour of the fishermen; to interfere with them would be to force them from the sea—to force them from the sea to inflict a severe injury on the French navy. For four days was the debate carried on, government giving way at last, and the old duty on English herrings remaining as it was in spite of Mr. Cobden.

Times are greatly changed since we went to war with the Revolution, and a minister could ask for the navy so modest a sum as 45,000£. No nation in Europe or America now but resembles the Jews, who built the wall with one hand, holding the sword in the other. Several treaties of commerce were concluded last year, but navies and armies still kept up by European powers cost about 150 millions a-year. Last week we exposed the military measures of France, which are anything but reassuring for the future. This week we have glanced over her naval year, and see her labouring to obtain an influence and power on our favourite element which is deserving of constant attention, spending money she can ill afford on the construction of large fleets, and constantly crying out for men, heedless of crippling her industry.

ABD-EL-KHADER.—Mrs. Beaufort, in her "Egypt, tain Sepulchres and Syrian Shrines," thus describe the renowned Arabian Chief in his retirement at Damascus:—"After taking leave of the Harem we joined the gentlemen of our party in a marble-floored hall, embellished round with French figures, and comfortable Oriental divan exchanged for hard French sofas, on one of which Abd-el-Khader was sitting in European fashion. He came forward to meet us, and we were greatly struck with his appearance: he has a tall, majestic figure, fair skin, grey hair—that once was black—a long, white beard, a forehead and keen piercing eye which could nowhere be passed unmarked. I never saw more intellect marked in the one, nor a more truly eagle expression in the other—as one of our party afterwards admirably described him:—'His every look is that of a prince, born and accustomed to command, acting upon promptlyformed judgment—in one word, a Leader—this is one's first impression; afterwards you see he is a man of high intellect, loving thought for its own sake—a Moslim Athanasius, who would no more brook a mystery than an insult, but with the keen blade of his intellect would cut the difficult knot, throwing the whole weight of his ability on whichever side he took up, and stopping all discussion on it with the neatness of a logical formula.' Abd-el-Khader is a man of much learning; he has written four large and profound treatises on Controversy, Philosophy, and the Cosmogony of the world; and he himself gives the daily theological lecture in the Great College of Damascus; his Court is crowded every day and all day with persons soliciting audience of him, so that it is difficult to find him for even a moment at leisure; it is said that his Algerian followers are daily, but secretly, increasing round him, and doubtless the last acts of his history are by no means played out; a noble incident of that life has occured since the above was written. England and France will ever remember his conduct during the massacres in the spring of 1860; it was not love for France, but the humanity of his enlightened mind and the fervent respect which he felt in his heart for the defenceless Sisters of Charity, which made him rally forth to their rescue, at the head of his own wild followers; nor would he have been a whit less forward to aid and support the subjects of England, if the firm high character and unflinching conduct of the British consul had not been protection and defence enough in itself."

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THE above Establishment will commence business from 19th November 1861. Gentlemen will be accommodated from that day.

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General Meesman.

19th November 1861.

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WINES, LIQUEURS, ALE, &c.,

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Finest Flowery Peko, in chests of 50 lbs. and boxes of 7½ lbs., Crystallized Sugar, Bengal ditto, Camphor Wood Trunks of sizes, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Trays, &c., &c.

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ORDERS for the above will be executed with *particular* care under the supervision of a European artist. A plate, engraved (Rs. 8) and 100 Cards printed (Rs. 2). Wedding Envelopes from annas 4 to annas 8 per pack. Only Messrs. De La Rue's best Stationery used. The above are for Cash only. Established 1846.

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BY Lieut. T. PRENDERGAST B. WALSH, H. M.'s 1st Bombay Grenadier Regt. N. I. and late on the General Staff of the Army. The above book is now appearing in numbers in Messrs. Chesson and Woodhall, Bombay Magazine, and when finished will be presented to the public in the form of a small volume. Price to Subscribers Rs. 10 per Copy. Names will be registered by Messrs. CHESSON AND WOODHALL, and also at the Offices of the *Bombay Gazette* and *Times of India*.

Opening of Thornhill Brothers & Co. New Watch Making Establishment.

IT affords us pleasure to inform our numerous connexion that our NEW AND ENLARGED ESTABLISHMENT is now open where we trust the increased accommodation afforded will enable us fully to meet the acquirements of those who for the last ten years have kindly favored our old establishment as well as to extend the same advantages to many who were deprived of the opportunity of giving us their orders consequent on the former limited space.

Many facilities are now afforded for Ladies and Gentlemen to give their orders and to enable them to select from the various and extensive assortment of WATCHES, JEWELLRY, &c. which we expect will be found replete in all its branches.

We feel confident much satisfaction will be given in the execution of orders and in their quick despatch.

27, Medow Street, Fort Bombay.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 24th instant, at his Rooms, in Medow Street, the Effects of the late Doctor G. M. Ogilvie, C. B., consisting of a Hunting Saddle with Bridles by Fallon, a few articles of Camp Furniture, Glass and Crockery Ware, Cooking Utensils, &c., &c.

ALSO,

A small quantity of Pale, Dry and Golden Sherry, Portwine, &c.

ALSO,

By order of the Administrator General,

The Sundry Effects of several deceased persons including 3 Cromo Lithographs.

AT 1 O'CLOCK,

A handsome Bay Arab Saddle Horse. The property of a Gentleman.

ALSO,

A neat and roomy English Brougham with a pair of fast trotting Horses and Carriage Harness, the property of a Gentleman leaving the Presidency.

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RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE has just received for Sale on Commission, from London, a few sets of Plated and Covered Mounted Carriage and Gig or Dog Cart Harness, also a very few Gentlemen's light and small sizes real Hogskin's Mounting Saddles and Bridles, complete with imitation, together with a few pairs of Overland Trunks, with Patent Locks and Keys.

The above will be sold cheap to effect a quick sale, and any orders from Outstations will be executed with prompt attention.

FRESH GOODS JUST LANDED EX "VICTORIA."

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE has just landed and exposed for sale at his Rooms, in Medow Street, the undermentioned Fresh Goods, viz. Fine fresh York Hams, Patent Preserved ditto in Tin, Patent Albert, Berkley Chedder, and Somerset Cheeses, Berkley ditto in bladders, Ox Tongues in Tins, fresh and pickled Salmon, Dried Herrings, Soup and Game of Sorts, Oxford and Bologna Sausages, Assorted Sauces, Pickles, Fruits for Tarts Jams and Jellies, Crystal and White Wine Vinegar Salid Oil, Mustard in large and small Bottles, Potted Ham, Beef, Tongue, Game, Strasburg Meats, Anchovy Paste, Chocolate, Cocoa, Candied Citron, Lemon and Orange Chips, Peels and Rinds, Crystallized Fruits, Bon Bons, Bloom Raisins, French Plums, Turkey, Figs, &c., &c.

LAMPS! LAMPS!!

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RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE has received, for Sale on Commission, from London, a few pairs of Double (or heavy plated) Plated Broughan, Phaeton, and Gig Lamps, with Sockets of the most approved London and Newark pattern, and together with a few real highly finished and neatly painted Childrens' Single-seated Perambulators with Hoods.

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A Rifle Officer's Sword, nearly new, by Wilkinson, of Pall Mall.

A Set of six best Plated Hot Water Plates.

An Infantry Officer's New Regulation Sword Belt with Plate, 19th Regiment N. I., quite new.

RUSTOMJEE PESTONJEE,
Auctioneer, Medow Street.

Bombay, 20th Feb. 1862.

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WEEKLY SALE, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will hold Weekly Sales of Carved Blackwood Couch, Twisted Round, Dressing, Camp, Pillar and Furniture, Conversation Couches, Chairs, Large Wardrobes, Bedstead Complete, Chiffoniers, Camp Cots, Rocking and Sea Couches, Child's Cot, Rich Cut Glass Ware, Dinner, Dessert, and Tea Sets, Plated Ware, Lamps, Copper Cooking Utensils, &c., &c.

AT 1 P. M.

A young Grey Horse.

Any Carriages and Horses offered.

AUCTION SALE OF A FURNISHED BUNGALOW AT MATHERAN HILL, BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY, the 15th March next, at 2 P. M., Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at their Rooms, an excellent airy, and commodious Bungalow belonging to COMMODORE WELLESLEY, B.C., situated in a most delightful spot, amply furnished with Outhouses, Cook-room, &c. &c.

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A Pair of Grey Carriage Horses, Price Rs. 500.

A Chesnut Buggy Horse.

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One high class Arab high caste horse, aged 5, quiet in harness, to be seen at two hours' previous notice.

A strong serviceable and light Office Palanquin Shigram, lined with Blue Silk Damask, with Lamps and Shafts, for one horse.

One Bay Cape Riding Horse, 15 hands high, 6 years old. Price Rs. 500.

An excellent, light, and roomy English-built Buggy, (Victoria Shaped) with Enamelled Leather Hood, has just been put in thorough order.

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A first rate double barelled Gun, and a double barrelled Rifle in case, with two Stocks, with all the necessary implements complete, in brass bound Oak case, made expressly to order by the above celebrated maker for an Officer, who now no longer requires it. The whole are in excellent condition, and are now offered for sale at a reduced price of Rs. 650.

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No. 5, Forbes Street, Bombay, 20th Feb. 1862.

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800 Pieces Grey Shirtings.
400 " " Longcloth.
400 " " Madapollams.
700 " " T Cloths.
6 Cases Wrought Iron Gothic Hinges.
2 " Bottled Sulphate Iron.
1 Cask Hooks and Thimbles.
12 Cases Hooks and Chains.
1 Plated Incense Urn.
3 Cases Millinery, particulars of which will duly appear.

An Invoice of Superior Hanging Argand Lamps, 10 and 12 Inches. Also 8 light do. Bronze and Lacquered Reading do. 24 sets patent mall axles, and the remainder of the Invoice of Brass Foundary.

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On THURSDAY next, the 27th instant, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to submit to Public Auction, at his residence, Chinchpoogly, in the lane nearly opposite the office of the Vehar Water Works, the sundry property of General MAHOMED HUSSIN KHAN, of the Oude Army, proceeding to Bagdad. The same comprises sundry articles of solid silver such as Trays, Goglets, Lotas, Pandans, &c., Gold and Silver Embroidered Dresses, Scarfs and Angrikas, ditto beautifully worked with real Pearls, magnificent Cashmere Shawls, Gold and Silver Cloth Curtains, Kincab Caps and Children's Clothing, Handsome Double-plated Epergne with real Crystal Diamond Cut Receivers, ditto Dish Covers of chaste design, ditto Curry, Tart and Pie Dishes, ditto Single. Double and Treble Branch Candlesticks, Rich Pink and Gold Dessert Service for 30 people with Dishes and Centre Pieces complete, a very handsome Dark Blue and Gold Tea and Coffee Set, Cut Crystal Dessert Fruit Dishes, a pair of Mahogany Pedestal Tea Trays, single ditto, the property in Gilt Framed Cheval Glass, a first-rate Sivler Plated Cornopean by Henry Distra, London, in case, lined with Velvet, a Brass Flageolet with Keys, a few handsome Engravings in Maple and Gilt Frames.

AT 2 P. M.

A beautiful Stud Bred Chesnut Gelding, 14-2, and 4 years old.

Ditto Grey Arab Horse, 14-2 and 4 years old.

A Bengal-built Buggy.

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Ditto Ditto For a Pair.

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Of unexceptionable quality, if taken in larger quantities than 5 dozens at a time, Rs. 16 per dozen, otherwise Rs. 17 per dozen. Sample bottles Rs. 1-8 each.

MARTELL'S DARK BRANDY.

A few cases of this celebrated Brandy for sale at Rs. 21 per dozen, to clear.

GINGER WINE.

Of superior quality, at Rs. 13-8 per dozen.

CRAWFORD & Co.

No. 3, Marine Street, Bombay, 29th Feb. 1862.

Albert, Medical, and Family Endowment Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

HEAD OFFICES, 7, WATERLOO PLACE, PALL MALL, LONDON.

For Granting Assurances on Lives, Endowments, and Annuities.

Position and Progress of the Company.

The Accumulated Assets exceed	£650,000
The Subscribed Capital	500,000
The Paid-up Capital	145,000
The Annual Income from Life Premiums exceeds	250,000
The Policy Claims and Bonuses Paid to Claimants exceed	£1,000,000

The new business is progressing at the rate of about £30,000 per annum.

INDIAN BRANCH.

BOMBAY.

Board of Management.

Sir Alexander Grant, Bart., Malabar Hill.
James Hunter, Esq., (Ewart, Latham & Co.,) Merchant
Framjee Nusserwanjee, Esq., Retired Merchant.
Robert Strong, Esq., (R. Strong & Co.,) Merchant.

Medical Officer.

DR. CORNELIUS C. MEAD.

Agents and Secretaries to the Branch Board.

Messrs. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

Position and Progress of the Indian Branch.

The Accumulated Asm Premiums exceeds .....Rs. 19,40,000
The Annuall[illegible] ,, 7,50,000

The Premiums.

THE circumstances under which the Premiums for India were computed are these:—

Under authority from the Court of Directors of the late Honorable East India Company, of date September, 1847, Mr. Nelson, the Actuary, was permitted to examine the records of the India House, with a view to his completion of a Report on the state of the Bengal Military Fund. The Rates of Premium of this Company were computed from the data thereby afforded, and from the subsequent practical experience of the Company. No other Life Assurance Company has enjoyed similar advantages in this respect.

For the Assurance of Rupees 1,000 for the whole term of life *with profits*, the rates *without profits* now in force will be found to be one-half less than the following.

Age.	Civil. Half-yearly.	Civil. Monthly.	Military. Half-yearly.	Military. Monthly.
	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.	Rs. as. p.
20	16 8 0	3 3 9	19 8 0	3 7 3
30	20 0 0	3 13 2	23 0 0	4 1 4
40	25 0 0	4 6 10	28 0 0	4 9 8
50	33 0 0	5 13 6	33 8 0	5 14 11
60	46 0 0	8 2 4	47 0 0	8 5 2

EXAMPLE.—*An Officer, aged* 30, *may secure Rupees* 10,000 *to his heirs at his decease, whenever that may happen, by paying Rs.* 220 *half-yearly, or Rupees* 38-15-4 *monthly, this Company: or on the without profit scale, Rupees* 200 *half-yearly, or Rupees* 35 *monthly.*

The Premiums for SHORT TERMS correspondingly moderate and especially favorable for Military men.

Profits.

Are divisible every three years, a proportion equal to Five-sixths of the whole profits being at the option of the Assured, payable in Cash, added to the Policy, or applied in reduction of future premiums.

The next division will take place as at 31st December, 1861.

Guarantee Department.

In this department the Company guarantees the fidelity of individuals filling, or about to fill, situations of trust, where security is required for their integrity.

The Company's arrangements for the extension of the Guarantee System to India are not yet matured, but in the meantime proposals will be received and forwarded to London.

General Advantages.

These are fully stated in the Prospectus. The following may be noticed;—

Low rates of premium. Immediate reduction to English rates on Assured reaching Europe. Promptitude observed in issuing Policies. No charge for Entry-money, Policy, or Medical Fees. Premiums may be paid Monthly. Fifteen days of grace allowed for payment of Premiums. Medical Examiners remunerated for Reports. Policies indisputable. Assignment of Policies registered without charge. Assurances may be revived within six months of the date on which the Premium became due. Civil rates charged on the lives of Military Officers holding Civil appointments. Polices may, at the time of being effected, be made payable in London at the rate of two Shillings sterling per Company's Rupee.

Every information as to the Constitution, Terms, and Conditions of the Company, will be supplied, and Forms and instructions to parties wishing to effect Assurance, will be forwarded free on application being made to the Agents.

Holders of Policies in the original companies should send them in for Conversion or Endorsement.

SWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Secretaries.

Bombay July 1861.

RED BOOT.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Boot and Shoe Mart, Hummum Street, Bombay and Poona.

R. PARTRIDGE.

DENTAL NOTICE.

H. WASHINGTON, successor to C. H. Davis, Dentist, may be consulted at his Office on the groundfloor of the Catholic Chapel, Medow Street, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., daily.

THE LONDON HOUSE.

THORNHILL BROTHERS & Co. respectfully acquaint their Friends and the Public, that in consequence of the great depression in trade existing among the London and Geneva manufacturers, they have purchased for Cash a splendid lot of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c., which they will sell at such prices as will ensure most decided savings to purchasers.

They consist of Gold and Silver Watches by McCabe.
Gold and Silver Watches by Thornhill Brothers.
Gold and Silver Watches by Jones.
Gold and Silver Watches by Allen.
Gold and Silver Watches by Bonnett.
Gold and Silver Watches by Benoit.
Doctor's Independant Seconds and Race Watches.
Ladies' Gold Watches by English and Geneva makers.
Gold Watches from Rs. 70 to Rs. 350 each.
Silver Watches from Rs. 20 to Rs. 170 do.
Children's Sterling Silver Presentation Mugs.
Children's Sterling Silver Knife, Fork, and Spoon in Morocco cases.
Sterling Silver Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Sterling Silver Enamelled Snuff Boxes Gold gilt inside.
Coral Charms mounted in Gold, Rupees 4 per set of Ten.
Best Plated Tea Services on Nickle Silver.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's best description of London made Courior Bags from Rs. 10 to 15.
Aluminium and Jet Jewellery in great variety.
Steel Spectacles, Eye Glasses, &c. &c.
English, French and American Clocks in great variety.
Small Round Teat Clocks without Pendulums.
Small Pocket Thermometers, Rupees 2, 3, 4 each.
All the above Watches are warranted to keep good time.
Thornhill Bros. &